

### SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS) Dimethylether (DME) Please ensure that this SDS is received by the appropriate persons

#### Review Date: 20/06/2023 v01

Emergency: 0860 02 02 02

Document Number: AFX-SDS-0071

1. PRODUCT	AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION	
Product Synonym	DiMethylether (DME)	
Chemical	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	
Formula	C4H10	
	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O	
Trade Name	Dimethylether	
	DME	
	Prozone	
Colour Coding	Protea pink with a red shoulder	
Product Code	544101-LF	
Company	African Oxygen Limited	
Identification	Grayston Office Park Building 7	
	128 Peter Road Sandown, Sandton,	
	2196	
	Tel. No: (011) 490-0400	
	Fax No: (011) 490-0530	
	Email:	
	customer.service@afrox.linde.com	
	www.afrox.com	
Emergency Numbers	0860 02 02 02 (Afrox)	

#### 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Z. HAZANDI	
Classification	- Classification under South African Hazardous Chemical Substances Regulations subsequently amended. (HCS)
	-Classification under the Globally Harmonized System of classification and labelling of chemicals (GHS)
Emergency Overview	Colour: None Odour: None Taste: None Physical State: Compressed Gas Form: Gas under pressure
	<ul> <li>All cylinders are portable gas containers and must be regarded as pressure vessels at all times.</li> <li>Dimethylether does not support life</li> </ul>
Adverse Health Effects	- Asphyxiant
Chemical Hazards	- Extremely Flammable
Biological Hazards	- The greatest physiological effect of Dimethylether is to cause asphyxiation.
Vapour Inhalation	- Asphyxiation
GHS Classification	Flammable liquids (Category 1), Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Respiratory system

GHS Pictogram	
GHS Signal Words	Danger
GHS Hazard Statements	H224: Extremely flammable liquid and vapor H302: Harmful if swallowed H335 May cause respiratory irritation H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness
GHS Precautionary Statements	Prevention:P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/openflames/hot surfaces. No smokingP264: Wash hands thoroughly afterhandling productP270: Do not eat, drink or smoke whenusing this productP261: Avoid breathinggas/mist/fumes/vapours/sprayP271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area <b>Response:</b> P377: Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguishunless leak can be stopped safely.P381 Eliminate all ignition sources if safeto do soP301 + P312: IF SWALLOWED: Call aMedical professionalP330: Rinse mouth thoroughlyP304 + P340: IF INHALED: Removeperson to fresh air and keep comfortablefor breathingStorage:P403 + P233: Store in a well-ventilatedplace. Keep container tightly closed ifproduct is volatile so as to generatehazardous atmosphereP405: Store locked upDisposalP501: Do not dispose of product orcylinder, return to supplier
Other Hazards	- Asphyxiant in high concentrations
that do not result in classification	

## 3. COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS

Chemical name Chemical family	Propane
CAS No	74-98-6
UN No	1075 (gas)
ERG No	115
Hazard class	Class 2.1
Hazchem Warning	2C Flammable gas
Chemical name Chemical family	Butane
CAS No	106-97-8
UN No	1075
ERG No	115



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Hazard class	Class 2.1	
Hazchem Warning	2C Flammable gas	
Chemical name Chemical family	Ethanol	
CAS No	64-17-5	
UN No	1170	
ERG No	127	
Hazard class	Class 3	
Hazchem Warning	2YE Flammable gas	

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

	Rinse the eye with water immediately.
	Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical assistance. If medical assistance is not immediately available, flush an additional 15 minutes.
-	For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 41°C. Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal colouring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.
Ingestion -	Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure
-	In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self-contained breathing apparatus Keep victim warm and rested. Seek medical attention. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	<ul> <li>Material will burn. In case of fire in the surroundings: use appropriate extinguishing agent. Carbon dioxide (CO2) Foam Dry powder</li> </ul>
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	- For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given
Specific Hazards	<ul> <li>Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Carbon oxides. Combustible.</li> <li>Pay attention to flashback.</li> <li>Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire. Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.</li> </ul>

Special fire fighting procedures:	- In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Continue water spray from protected position until container stays cool. Use extinguishants to contain the fire.
Special protective equipment for firefighters:	- Exposed Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces a self-contained breathing apparatus.
	TAL RELEASE MEASURES
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency	- WARNING! Liquid and gas under pressure. Rapid release of gaseous 2%Propane,3%Butane BAL Ethanol through a pressure relief device (PRD) or valve can result is very cold and can cause frostbite.
procedures:	<ul> <li>Evacuate area.</li> <li>Provide adequate ventilation.</li> <li>Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.</li> <li>In an enclosed or non-ventilated space, a self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.</li> </ul>
Environmental Precautions	<ul> <li>Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.</li> </ul>
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:	- Provide adequate ventilation.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Safe Handling -Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Refer to supplier's handling instructions. The substance must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the container contents. When moving containers, even for short distances, use appropriate equipment eg. trolley, hand truck, fork truck etc. Secure cylinders in an upright position at all times, close all valves when not in use. Provide adequate ventilation. 'Suckback' of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Observe all



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	regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Store in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier. Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps were supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water. If user experiences any difficulty operating container valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Never attempt to transfer gases from one container to another. Container valve guards or caps should be in place.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilit ies	-Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general conditions and leakage. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition. Keep pressure containers away from combustible material.

	8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION	
Occupational Exposure Hazards (HCS)	- OEL eight-hour TW 800 ppm - OEL-STEL/C 1000 ppm	
Engineering Control Measures	<ul> <li>Engineering control measures are preferred to reduce exposures.</li> <li>General methods include mechanical ventilation, process or personal enclosure, and control of process conditions.</li> <li>Administrative controls and personal protective equipment may also be required.</li> <li>A Risk assessment should be conducted to evaluate the suitability of PPE to the task being performed</li> </ul>	
Personal Protection	- When allowed by a risk assessment Respiratory Protective Equipment (RPE) may be used. The selection of the Respiratory Protective Device (RPD) must	

	be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected RPD. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or positive pressure airline with mask are to be used in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.
Eyes	-Wear safety glasses
Hands	<ul> <li>Guideline: Protective gloves against mechanical risks.</li> <li>Additional Information: Wear working</li> </ul>
	gloves while handling containers
Body protection:	- Flame Retardant overall - Anti-static materials for clothes
Feet	<ul> <li>Wear safety shoes while handling containers.</li> <li>Anti-static safety boots</li> </ul>

Chemical Name	Dimethylether
	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub>
Chemical Symbol	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub>
	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O
Physical state	Gas Liquid
Form:	Liquid
Colour:	Colourless
Odour:	Etheral
Odour Threshold:	Not known
pH:	No effect in water
Melting Point:	-138°C
Boiling Point:	-0.5
Sublimation Point:	Not applicable
Critical Temp. (°C):	151.85°C
Flash Point:	-60°C
Evaporation Rate:	Not applicable.
	Extremely
Flammability ( gas):	Flammable
Flammability limit - upper (%):	8.4%
Flammability limit - lower(%):	1.8%
Vapour pressure:	Not applicable
Vapour density (air=1)	1.988@ 20°C
Relative density:	1.657@ 20 °C)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility in Water:	Not known
Partition coefficient (n-	log Pow: 1,1 -
octanol/water):	Bioaccumulation is
,	not expected
Autoignition Temperature:	175 °C
Decomposition Temperature:	Not known.
Viscosity	
Kinematic viscosity:	No data available.
Dynamic viscosity:	0,195 mPa.s at 40°C
Explosive properties:	Not applicable
Oxidising Properties:	Not applicable



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Molecular weight		46 g/mole
10. STABILITY	AND REACTIVI	ГҮ
Reactivity	-Extremely flammab	
Chemical stability	- Stable under normal	conditions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	- Extremely flammable	e and explosive
Conditions to avoid	<ul> <li>Avoid all possible so (spark or flame). Do weld, braze, solder, containers to heat or</li> </ul>	not pressurize, cut, drill, grind or expose
Incompatible Materials	Oxidizers, rubber, pl	
Hazardous Decomposition of Products	Will not produce any	hazardous products

## 11. TOXOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity	Acute toxicity estimates Oral -
	1.211 mg/kg
Skin & eye contact	Not available
Chronic Toxicity	Not available
Carcinogenicity	Not available
Mutagenicity	Not available
Reproductive Hazards	Not available

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity	Not available.
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable
Bioaccumulative Potential Product	No bioaccumulation is to be expected
Mobility in soil	Not available.
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Not available
Other adverse effects	Not available
Effect on ozone layer	Not available
Effect on the global warming (CO2=1)	Not available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	
Disposal Methods	<ul> <li>Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous. Vent to</li> </ul>
	atmosphere in a well-ventilated place
Disposal of Packaging	- The container is the property of the supplier, and the disposal of the containers must only be handled by the supplier.

14. TRANSPORT	INFORMATION
Road Transportation	
UN No.	1155
Shipping Name	Dimethylether

ERG No.	115
Class	2.1
Subsidiary Risk	Flammable
Hazchem Warning	2A Flammable Gas
Sea Transportation	
IMDG	1155
Shipping Name	Dimethylether
ERG No.	115
Class	2.1
Subsidiary Risk	Flammable
Label	2A Flammable Gas
Air Transportation	
ICAO/IATA Code	1155
Class	2.1
Packing Group:	1
Packaging	- Cargo: 150kg
instructions	- Passenger: not allowed

#### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

			<u> </u>
EEC Hazard	class:	Toxic.	Corrosive gas.

EEC Hazard class: Toxic, Corrosive gas.	
National legislation OHSact and Regulations 85 of 1993.	
SANS 11014:2010	Safety data sheet for chemical
Edition 1	products - Content and order of
	sections
SANS 10228:2012	The identification and classification of
Edition 6	dangerous goods for transport by
	road and rail modes
SANS 10234:2019	Globally Harmonized System of
Edition 2	classification and labelling of
	chemicals (GHS)
SUPPLEMENT TO	List of classification and labelling
SANS 10234	of chemicals in accordance with the
Edition 1	Globally Harmonized System (GHS)

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

- Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.
- Ensure users and relevant persons understand the
- flammable and explosive hazard
- Regularly check supplier's information sources for updated versions of SDS's

Revision Date	20/06/2023 v01

#### Bibliography

Compressed Gas Association, Arlington, Virginia Handbook of Compressed Gases - 3rd Edition Matheson Gas Data Book - 6th Edition SANS 11014 - Safety data sheet for chemical products: Content and order of sections SANS 10234 - List of classification and labelling of chemicals in accordance with the Globally Harmonized System (GHS) SANS 10265 – Classification and Labelling of Dangerous Substances

#### **EXCLUSION OF LIABILITY**

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