

SAFETY DATA SHEET (MSDS) R507A Refrigerant

Please ensure that this SDS is received by the appropriate persons

Review Date: 24/9/2022 v01 Emergency: 0860 02 02 02 Document Number: AFX-SDS-0065

1. PRODUCT	AND COMPANY DENTIFICATION	
Product	R507A Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125), 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (HFC-143a)	
Chemical Formula	CHF ₂ CF ₃ CHF ₂ CF ₃	
Trade Name	R507A Disposable Cylinder 11.3Kg	
Colour Coding	Disposable cylinder with a French Blue (F.09) body and the relevant grade stencilled onto the cylinder	
Valve	1/4 inch flare fitting	
Product Code	W341080	
Company Identification	Grayston Office Park Building 7, 128 Peter Road Sandown, Sandton, 2196 Tel. No: (011) 490-0400 Fax No: (011) 490-0530 Email: customer.service@afrox.linde.com www.afrox.com	
Emergency Numbers	0860 02 02 02	

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION		
Classification	Classification under South African Hazardous Chemical Substances Regulations subsequently amended. (HCS) Classification under the Globally Harmonized System of classification and labelling of chemicals (GHS)	
Emergency Overview	Colour: Colourless Odour: Slight Ethereal Taste: None Physical State: Gas Form: Gas under pressure Volatile liquid. Non-flammable material. Overexposure may cause dizziness and loss of concentration. At higher levels, CNS depression and cardiac arrhythmia may result from exposure. Vapors displace air and can cause asphyxiation in confined spaces. At higher temperatures, (>250C), decomposition products may include Hydrofluoric Acid (HF) and carbonyl halides.	
Main Hazards	- All cylinders are portable gas containers and must be regarded as pressure vessels at all times	
Adverse Health Effects	- Contains a liquefied gas. Contact with liquid may cause frostbite and injury to the cornea	
Chemical Hazards	- Heating will cause a rise in pressure with a risk of the cylinders bursting. On combustion, toxic gases are released	
Biological Hazards	- Contact with liquid could cause frost burns	

Vapour	- High exposures may cause an abnormal	
Inhalation	heart rhythm and prove suddenly	
	fatal.May have a narcotic effect, very	
	high concentrations may cause	
	anaesthetic effects and asphyxiation	
Eye Contact	- Vapour - unknown effect	
	- Liquid - could cause serious burns	
	- Mist may irritate	
Skin Contact	- Vapour - unknown effect Ingestion.	
	- Liquid - see vapour inhalation above	
	- Irritation would result from a defatting	
	action on tissue	
Ingestion	- Ingestion is unlikely because of the low	
	boiling point of the material. Should it	
	occur, discomfort in the gastrointestinal	
	tract from rapid evaporation of the	
	material and consequent evolution of gas	
	would result. Some effects of inhalation	
	and skin exposure would be expected	
Pictogram		
Signal Words	Warning	
Hazard	- H280 Contains gas under pressure, may	
Statements	explode if heated	
Precautionary	Prevention:	
Statements	None	
	Response:	
	None	
	Storage:	
	- P410: Protect from sunlight	
	- P403: Store in a well-ventilated place	
	<u>Disposal:</u>	
	None	
Other Hazards	- Protect from sunlight	
that do not	- Store in a well-ventilated place	
result in	- Liquid can cause burns similar to	
classification	frostbite	

3. COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS		
Chemical name	Pentafluoroethane HFC R125,	
	1,1,1-Trifluoroethane HFC R143a	
CAS No	HFC125 HFC143a	
	354-33-6, 420-46-2	
UN No	1078	
ERG No	126	
Hazard class	2.2	
Hazchem Warning	2A Non-flammable gas	

4. FIRST AID

Prompt medical attention is mandatory in all cases of overexposure to vaporised R507. Rescue personnel should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus. Conscious persons should be assisted to an uncontaminated area and inhale fresh air. Quick removal from the contaminated area is most important. Unconscious persons should be removed to an uncontaminated area and given mouth-to-mouth resuscitation



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and supplemental oxygen. The use of adrenaline or similar			
drugs should be a	drugs should be avoided		
Eye contact	 (Liquid) Rinse with water whilst keeping the eyes wide open for at least 10 minutes. Consult an eye specialist immediately 		
Skin Contact	(Liquid)Thaw affected areas with water. Remove contaminated clothing and then rinse again with water. If it sticks, do not pull it off. Call a doctor immediately		
Ingestion			
Inhalation	-Remove patient from exposure, keep warm and at rest. Administer oxygen if necessary. Apply artificial respiration if -breathing as ceased or shows signs of failing. In the event of cardiac arrest apply external cardiac massage. Obtain immediate medical attention		

5. FIRE-FIGH	5. FIRE-FIGHTING	
Extinguishing media	- All extinguishing agents can be used. It there is a fire close by, use suitable extinguishing agents	
Specific Hazards	- Pressurised container. On heating there is a risk of bursting due to internal pressure build -up NOT flammable However, it may present a risk in the event of fire. Toxic vapours (Halogen compound are released)	
Emergency Actions	 Stay upwind. Evacuate the personnel away from the fumes. Cool down the containers/equipment exposed to heat with a water spray. CONTACT LOCAL EMERGENCY SERVICES AND THE AFROX EMERGENCY NUMBER 	
Protective Clothing	- Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety gloves and shoes, or boots, should be worn when handling cylinders	
Environmental precautions	-Prevent the product from spreading into the environment	

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE	
Personal Precautions	 Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe gas. Shut off low-level openings in the vicinity (Ventilation Shafts, drains) Prevent the product from entering cellars, basements of pits. Stop the leak. Ventilate spillage area
Environmental Precautions	- Prevent the product from spreading into the environment
Small Spills	- Shut off the source of the escaping gas. Ventilate the area
Large Spills	- Evacuate the area. Shut off the source of the spill if this can be done without risk. Restrict access to the area until

completion of the clean-up procedure.
Ventilate the area using forced draught
if necessary

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE		
7. HANDLIN Safe Handling	- Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow Back feed into the container. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. - Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Refer to supplier's container handling instructions. Keep container below 500C in a well-ventilated place. Do not shake container when handling product - Do not allow cylinders to slide or come into contact with sharp edges - Cylinders should be stacked vertically at all times and should be firmly secured in order to prevent them from being knocked over. Use a "first in - first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Keep out of reach of children	
Hygiene Measures	-When using do not eat, drink or smokeHandle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice	
Technical Measures	 Freshly abraded aluminium surfaces at specific temperatures and pressures may cause a strong exothermic reaction. Chemically reactive metals: potassium, calcium, powdered aluminium, magnesium, and zinc 	
Storage conditions	 Store in a cool, well-ventilated area of low fire risk and out of direct sunlight. Protect cylinder and its fittings from physical damage Storage in subsurface locations should be avoided. Close valve tightly after use and when empty Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place 	

8. EXPOSUR	8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS	
Occupational Exposure Hazards	- No information available	
Engineering Control Measures	 Engineering control measures are preferred to reduce exposures to oxygen depleted atmospheres. General methods include forced draught ventilation, separate from other exhaust ventilation systems. Ensure that sufficient fresh air enters at, or near, floor level Mechanical (general) ventilation may be adequate for other operating and storage areas 	



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Personal protection	 Self-contained breathing apparatus should always be worn when entering area where oxygen depletion may have occurred. Safety goggles, gloves and shoes or boots should be worn when handling cylinders
Skin	- No known effect

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL	PROPERTIES		
Chemical Name R507A			
Chemical Symbol	CHF2CF3, CH3CF3		
Physical state	Gas		
Form:	Liquefied gas		
Colour:	Colourless		
Odour:	Faint ethereal odor		
Odour Threshold:	No data available		
pH:	Neutral		
Melting Point:	Not Known		
Boiling Point:	: -47,1 °C		
Sublimation Point:	Not Known		
Critical Temp. (°C):	Not Known		
Flash Point:	Not applicable		
Evaporation Rate:	>1COMPARED TO: CC14 = 1		
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not applicable		
Flammability limit - upper (%):	Not applicable		
Flammability limit - lower(%):	Not applicable		
Vapour pressure:	1.10 (20 °C)		
Vapour density (air=1)	3,43		
Relative density:	5,52 @20C		
Solubility(ies)			
Solubility in Water:	Unknown		
Partition coefficient (n- octanol/water):	Not applicable		
Autoignition Temperature:	No data available		
Decomposition Temperature:	>250° C		
Viscosity			
Kinematic viscosity:	No data available.		
Dynamic viscosity:	No data available.		
Explosive properties:	Not applicable		
Oxidising Properties:	Not applicable		
Molecular weight	98.8g/mol		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
Conditions to avoid	The dilution of oxygen concentration in the atmosphere to levels which cannot support life. Never use cylinders as rollers or supports, or for any other purpose than the storing of cylinders. Never expose the cylinders to excessive heat, as this may cause sufficient build-up of pressure to rupture the cylinders	
Incompatible Materials	Since the performance of plastic materials is affected by polymer variations, compounding agents, fillers, and moulding processes, verify compatibility using actual fabricated parts under end -use conditions. The effects on specific elastomers depend on the nature of the polymer, the	

	compounding formulation used and the curing of vulcanizing conditions. Actual samples should be tested under end-use conditions before specifying elastomers for critical components.
Hazardous Decomposition of Products	On combustion or on thermal decomposition (pyrolysis) releases: Toxic gases (Fluorinated compounds)

11.TOXOLOGICAL INFORATION		
Acute Toxicity	No known effect	
Skin & eye contact	No known effect	
Chronic Toxicity	No known effect	
Carcinogenicity	No known effect	
Mutagenicity	No known effect	
Reproductive Hazards	No known effect	

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
Toxicity	- Not available	
Persistence and degradability	- R-507a is a gas at room temperature; therefore, it is unlikely to remain In water	
Mobility in soil	- Not available	
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	- Not available	
Other adverse effects	- No known significant effects or critical hazards	
Environmental	 Product is volatile when in aqueous solution. Ultimate destination of the product could be the atmosphere 	

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS		
Disposal	Environmental effect, please return to	
Methods	supplier for safe disposal	
Disposal of	-Return to supplier for safe disposal,	
Packaging	environmental impact	

14.TRANSPORT	INFORMATION	
Road Transportation		
UN No.	1078	
Shipping Name	Liquefied gas, n.o.s. (contains pentafluoroethane and 1,1,1-trifluoroethane)	
ERG No.	126	
Class	2.2	
Subsidiary Risk	2.2	
Hazchem Warning	2A Non-flammable gas	
Sea Transportation		
IMDG	1078	
Shipping Name	Liquefied gas, n.o.s. (contains pentafluoroethane and 1,1,1-trifluoroethane)	
ERG No.	126	
Class	2.2	
Subsidiary Risk	2.2	
Label	Non-flammable gas	
Air Transportation		
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ICAO/IATA Code	1078
Class	2.2
Subsidiary risk	2.2
Packaging	- Cargo: 200
instructions	- Passenger: 200
Maximum quantity	- Cargo: 150 kg
allowed	Passenger: 75 kg

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION	
SANS11014:2010 Edition 1	Safety data sheet for chemical products - Content and order of sections
SANS 10228:2012 Edition 6	The identification and classification of dangerous goods for transport by road and rail modes
SANS 10234:2019 Edition 2	Globally Harmonized System of classification and labelling of chemicals (GHS)
SUPPLEMENT TO SANS 10234 Edition 1	List of classification and labelling of chemicals in accordance with the Globally Harmonized System (GHS)

16. OTHER INFORMATION

- Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.
- Ensure users and relevant persons understand the asphyxiation hazard
- Regularly check supplier's information sources for updated versions of SDS's
- SANS 10234-Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals and Matheson Gas data book

Revision Date 24/9/2022 ver1

Bibliography

Compressed Gas Association, Arlington, Virginia Handbook of Compressed Gases - 3rd Edition Matheson Gas Data Book - 6th Edition SANS 11014 - Safety data sheet for chemical products: Content and order of sections

SANS 10234 - List of classification and labelling of chemicals in accordance with the Globally Harmonized System (GHS) SANS 10265 – Classification and Labelling of Dangerous Substances

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